

Capitalization and Accents Lesson Plan



Video: 12 minutes Lesson: 38 minutes

Pre-viewing

• :00 Warm up: Have students review proper pronunciation.

2 minutes

• :02 *Pre-test*: In all lowercase letters, write some English words on the board (like john, dog, chicago, pencil, american, etc.). Ask the students to identify which words should be capitalized and which should not. As you discuss each word, write the Spanish equivalent on the board next to it. Ask students if they can think of any words that have accents. Write them on the board. Ask students to pronounce them. Go over the learning objectives.

4 minutes

Viewing

• :06 Playing Video: Hand out the Viewing Guide and go over viewing questions and expectations. While the program is playing, pay careful attention to students' reactions. Difficult concepts include the capitalization rules that apply to days of the weeks and months, proper nouns and adjectives, book titles, and the use of accents to differentiate words that are spelled the same. Pause and check students' comprehension periodically after key points.

12 minutes

Post-viewing

• :18 *Question & Answer Session:* Ask the class for the answers to the viewing questions. See if any parts of the program were difficult or confusing for the students. Ask a few questions to check their understanding of the key topics.

5 minutes

Sample Questions

- 1. How are the days of the week capitalized differently than in English?
- 2. What are some similarities in capitalization in English and Spanish? Differences?
- 3. What are the two reasons for using accents?

Handouts

• :23 *Practicing Material*: Hand out the Worksheet and give the class 6-8 minutes to complete it. Students are allowed to use their Viewing Guide. Monitor the students' progress, helping where needed. Go over Worksheet as a class.

10 minutes

• :33 Applying Material: Hand out the Activity. Give the students 5 minutes to complete it on their own, and then read aloud as a class, reviewing capitalization corrections after each line.

13 minutes

• :46 Wrap-up: Briefly sum up what has been covered in class, using the students to do the summary. Assign any homework.

4 minutes

Viewing Questions Answer Key

- 1. If you were to apply Spanish capitalization rules to the sentence "My birthday is on Friday, February fourteenth," what would you change? **My birthday is on friday, february fourteenth.**
- 2. Can you name some English words that would be capitalized differently in Spanish? **Answers will vary, see Viewing Guide for examples.**
- 3. How do you pronounce the following Spanish words?

a) solo b) s **a) so-LOH b)**

b) sólob) SOH-lo

c) café

d) rápido

e) árboles (trees)

c) cah-FEY d

d) RAH-pe-doh

e) AR-boh-les

Video: 12 minutes Lesson: 38 minutes

Learning Objectives

At the end of the module, students will be able to:

- define, pronounce and correctly spell vocabulary words
- apply the rules of capitalization for:

days of the week names of months the pronoun *yo* ("I") proper nouns and proper adjectives proper names people's titles book titles

- describe the reasons for using accents in Spanish
- properly pronounce words with accents and apply stress to the proper syllable

Materials

- Video: vocabulary, capitalization, accents; 12 minutes long
- Viewing Guide: vocabulary, capitalization rules, accent usage review; 3 Viewing Questions
- Worksheet: capitalization practice, accent practice
- Activity Sheet: application of capitalization rules in context
- Check Your Knowledge: vocabulary, capitalization rules, accent rules; 50 points

Background

Students should understand and be able to apply the rules for proper Spanish pronunciation.

Preparation

None required.

Extension:

Ask the students to get a copy of a newspaper. Have them pick a page and go through and circle all words that would be capitalized differently in Spanish. Offer a prize to the student that can find the most examples on one page.

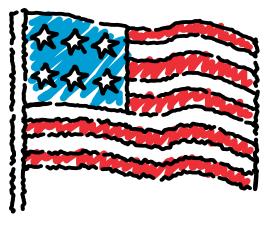


Capitalization and Accents Viewing Guide



VOCABULARY

americano(a) – American	el nombre – name nuevo(a) – new		
el modo americano – American way			
el café – coffee	el presidente – president		
café colombiano – Colombian coffee	la rosa – rose		
colombiano(a) - Colombian	solo(a) – alone		
loco(a) – lunatic; crazy	sólo – only		
el modo – manner; way	el sombrero – hat		



SPANISH CAPITALIZATION RULES

Days of the Week and Months

The names of the days of the week and the months are not capitalized in Spanish. *febrero /* February *martes /* Tuesday

The Pronoun Yo

Yo, the pronoun that means "I," is not capitalized. *El cree que* \underline{yo} *soy una rata asquerosa*. He thinks that \underline{I} am a dirty rat.

Proper Adjectives

Proper adjectives are not capitalized. café colombiano / Colombian coffee el modo americano / the American way

Proper Nouns

Proper nouns are not capitalized *El americano loco /* the crazy American

The Beginning of a Sentence

As in English, capitalize the first letter of a sentence. *El burro es guapo.* / The donkey is handsome.

Proper Names

Capitalize all proper names, including the names of cities, countries, companies, streets, etc.

Alonso Vargas / Alonso Vargas

México / Mexico

People's Titles

Do not capitalize people's titles. *el presidente Nixon* / President Nixon

Book Titles

Only capitalize the first word of a book title, unless the title contains a proper name.

<u>El nombre de la rosa</u> / <u>The Name of the Rose</u>
<u>Los pantalones locos de Paul</u> / <u>Paul's Crazy Pants</u>

Accents are used:

to indicate an irregular stress pattern in a word, like rápido (fast)

or

to differentiate between two words that are spelled the same way but have different meanings, like *solo* (alone) and *sólo* (only).

Accents are part of how a word is spelled.

Memorize them along with the letters of the word!!!

Viewing Questions

- 1. If you were to apply Spanish capitalization rules to the sentence "My birthday is on Friday, February fourteenth," what would you change?
- 2. Can you name some English words that would be capitalized differently in Spanish?
- 3. How do you pronounce the following Spanish words? a) solo b) sólo c) café d) rápido e) árboles (trees)



Capitalization and Accents Worksheet



A. Herschel's Mixed-up Scrapbook

Okay, now that we've shown you the rules of capitalization, we could use your help. Correct the capitalization in the captions in Herschel's scrapbook. You can use your Viewing Guide for help.



mi libro favorito: *Dos Gatos Locos* (my favorite book: Two Crazy Cats)



Todd y Profesor Einstein (Todd and Professor Einstein)



¡mi sombrero es muy grande! (My sombrero is very big!)



un coche Americano en españa (an American car in Spain)



Amy en un restaurante en chilé (Amy in a restaurant in Chile)



una vaca y emily (a cow and Emily)



el 28 de Marzo de 2000 (*March 28th, 2000*)



¡Comida Colombiana! ¡Yum! (Colombian food! Yum!)



8:00 a.m., Sábado (8:00 a.m., Saturday)

B. Stressed Out Over Accents!

Nobody's perfect, especially Herschel! This time, Herschel forgot to add accents to the following words. Put the accent in the correct place and underline the syllable of the word that should be stressed, then practice saying the word aloud. We've completed the first one for you.

a<u>zú</u>car – sugar

rapido – fast

cafe – coffee

solo – only

arboles – *trees*

Mexico - Mexico



Capitalization and Accents Worksheet Answer Key



A. Herschel's Mixed-up Scrapbook

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mi libro favorito: *Dos Gatos Locos* (my favorite book: Two Crazy Cats) mi libro favorito: *Dos gatos locos*



Todd y Profesor Einstein (Todd and Professor Einstein) Todd y profesor Einstein



¡mi sombrero es muy grande! (My sombrero is very big!) ¡Mi sombrero es muy grande!



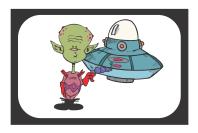
un coche Americano en españa (an American car in Spain) un coche <u>a</u>mericano en <u>E</u>spaña



Amy en un restaurante en chilé (Amy in a restaurant in Chile) Amy en un restaurante en Chilé



una vaca y emily (a cow and Emily) una vaca y <u>E</u>mily



el 28 de Marzo de 2000 (March 28th, 2000) el 28 de marzo de 2000



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<u>só</u>lo – only

<u>ár</u>boles – trees

México – Mexico



Capitalization and Accents Activity



Apply the rules of Spanish capitalization to the following English text (yeah, we know it sounds weird, but it's an easy way to practice your Spanish capitalization skills). Circle everything that should be lowercase. We appreciate your help.

Example: Sorry Captain John, we only serve chocolate-covered Canadian bacon on Tuesdays, not Fridays!

The Adventures of Smacker McGee, the High School Superhero: Part 17

Announcer: "We rejoin our hero, Smacker McGee, and Hoss, his faithful canine sidekick, far below the halls and classrooms of Micropolis High School at the secret hideout of villainous Chef Stanky. When we left them last week, Smacker and Hoss had just discovered Chef Stanky and his captive, Amy Schoolwell, the beautiful daughter of Micropolis High School's principal, Cyrus Schoolwell. Bound and gagged, Amy Schoolwell struggles in vain to escape from the giant mixing bowl in which she has been imprisoned. Chef Stanky smirks as he casually fingers a button labeled 'Engage Choc-o-Matic.'"

Smackers: "Let her go, Chef Stanky! You know that Principal Schoolwell will never let you get away with this!"

Hoss: "Ruff!" (Translation: "He's right! Let her go or you'll be sorry!")

Stanky: "Ahhh, if it isn't Smackers the super-loser and his mangy mutt, Hoss. Well, for your information, Principal Schoolwell is meeting right now with the Mexican ambassador to secure the ransom that I have demanded."

Smackers: "What ransom? What do the Mexicans have to do with this?"

Stanky: "Piñatas—Mexican piñatas, to be more precise, the finest in the world. 10,000 of 'em! On the black market they're worth millions!! But if they're not delivered by 3rd period on Tuesday, Amy here is going to take a swim in 1,000 gallons of pure, unfiltered Belgian chocolate. And we all know what will happen then—"

Smackers: "No! Not Belgian chocolate! Amy gets awful pimples if she even gets near chocolate! And if today is Monday, March 30th, then that means that—"

Stanky: "That's right! The prom is scheduled for Friday, April 3rd, less than one week away. There's no way Principal Schoolwell will allow his daughter to be a pimply mess at the prom. And you can't stop me either—"

Smackers: "That's what you think, Stanky! You're no match against my super-speed...unghhhhhhh...oh no! My feet are stuck! Something's creeping up my leg! I can't move!"

Hoss: "Ruff!" (Translation: "I can't move, either!")

Stanky: "That's because you're both standing in a batch of my famous 'super-sticky tricky taffy.' It sticks like glue as it slowly creeps up your entire body. In thirty minutes, you'll be covered! Victory is mine!"

Smackers: "Drats! If I had only paid more attention to that chapter in *The High School Superhero Handbook* on battling evil dessert recipes. There must be a way out of this mess, but how?"

Announcer: "Will Smackers and Hoss escape this sticky situation? Will Chef Stanky get away with his evil plan? Will Amy make it to the prom zit-free? Tune in next time for the exciting conclusion of this adventure!"



Capitalization and Accents Activity Answer Key



Apply the rules of Spanish capitalization to the following English text (yeah, we know it sounds weird, but it's an easy way to practice your Spanish capitalization skills). Circle everything that should be lowercase. We appreciate your help.

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5. _____ indicate that a vowel is silent.

Capitalization and Accents Check Your Knowledge



differentiate between two words that mean

the same thing.

A. Vocabulary: How Translate these words for	Do You Say? rom English to Spanish. (2 points each)		/ 50		
1. rose		2. hat			
3. crazy		4. new			
5. coffee		6. Colombian			
B. To Capitalize Circle each word, name, capitalization. (1 point)		er(s) should be CAPITALIZED, according	to the <u>Spanish</u> rules for		
once upon a time	guatemala	<u>c</u> ell <u>p</u> hone	<u>f</u> riday		
<u>m</u> onkey	<u>c</u> olombia	parsley	<u>m</u> exico		
<u>b</u> ob <u>d</u> ylan	<u>m</u> arch	<u>l</u> ibrary	<u>i</u> talian food		
captain ahab	<u>b</u> altic <u>a</u> venue	<u>n</u> ew <u>o</u> rleans	japanese		
capitalization. (1 point		er(s) should be LOWERCASE according to <u>G</u> eorge <u>W</u> ashington	<u>C</u> hicago		
<u>A</u> ugust	<u>W</u> illiam <u>S</u> hakespeare	<u>K</u> ing George	<u>S</u> panish		
<u>G</u> reek	Sears and Roebuck	<u>S</u> unday	<u>I</u> taly		
<u>M</u> ain <u>S</u> treet	<u>G</u> eneral MacArthur	To <u>K</u> ill a <u>M</u> ockingbird	Ī		
D. Accents! <i>Indicate whether the following</i>	llowing statements are true or false. Us	e T for true and F for false. (1 point each)			
In Spanish, accents are us	sed to:				
1indicate an ir	regular stress pattern in a word.	2 indicate that the word comes from another language.			
3indicate which a word.	h syllable you should stress in	4differentiate between two words that are spelled the same.			



Capitalization and Accents Check Your Knowledge

Answer Key



Total Score / 50

differentiate between two words that mean

the same thing.

A. Vocabulary: How Do You Say?

5. **F** indicate that a vowel is silent.

	Translate these	words from English t	Spanish. (2 points each)				
1.	rose	la rosa	<i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2.	hat	el sombrero	
3.	crazy	loco(a)		4.	new	nuevo(a)	
5.	coffee	el café		6.	Colombian	colombiano(a)	
	To Capitaliz Circle each word capitalization. (d, name, or phrase in	which the underlined letter	r(s) should	be CAPITALIZE	D, according to the	<u>Spanish</u> rules fo
<	<u>o</u> nce upon a t	ime	guatemala		<u>c</u> ell <u>p</u> hone		<u>f</u> riday
	<u>m</u> onkey		colombia		parsley		<u>m</u> exico
(bob <u>d</u> ylan		<u>m</u> arch		<u>l</u> ibrary		<u>i</u> talian food
	captain ahab		baltic <u>a</u> venue		new orleans		japanese
	<u>C</u> anada August	<u>A</u> me <u>W</u> illi	rican am <u>S</u> hakespeare		<u>G</u> eorge <u>W</u> ashi		<u>C</u> hicago <u>S</u> panish
	<u>G</u> reek		and <u>R</u> oebuck		Sunday		<u>I</u> taly
	Main Street		ral MacArthur		To <u>K</u> ill a <u>M</u> ocki	ingbird	
	Accents! Indicate whether Spanish, accen	, ,	ients are true or false. Use	T for true	and F for false. (2	1 point each)	
1	T indic	ate an irregular stre	ss pattern in a word.	2F indicate that the word comes from another language.			
3	T indica	ate which syllable yo	ou should stress in	47	Γ differentia spelled the	te between two we same.	ords that are

